

2



FORM

53C



2

53C

MATHEMATICS TEST

60 Minutes—60 Questions

DIRECTIONS: Solve each problem, choose the correct answer, and then fill in the corresponding oval on your answer document.

Do not linger over problems that take too much time. Solve as many as you can; then return to the others in the time you have left for this test.

You are permitted to use a calculator on this test. You may use your calculator for any problems you choose,

but some of the problems may best be done without using a calculator.

Note: Unless otherwise stated, all of the following should be assumed.

1. Illustrative figures are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.
2. Geometric figures lie in a plane.
3. The word *line* indicates a straight line.
4. The word *average* indicates arithmetic mean.

1. What is the average of 3, 3, and 4?

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

A. 3

B. $3\frac{1}{3}$ C. $3\frac{1}{2}$ D. $3\frac{2}{3}$

E. 4

$$6+4=10 \div 3 = 3\frac{1}{3}$$

B

2. A positive number plus its square is equal to 56. What is the number?

F. 5

G. 6

H. 7

J. 8

K. 9

$$n + n^2 = 56 \text{ same AS } n^2 + n - 56 = 0$$

Solving quadratic $(n+8)(n-7) = 0$

$$n = -8 \text{ or } n = 7$$

Must be POSITIVE

3. For all x , $(2x - 3)(x + 5) = ?$

A. $x^2 + 2x - 15$ B. $2x^2 - 13x - 15$ C. $2x^2 + 2x - 15$ D. $2x^2 + 2x + 15$ E. $2x^2 + 7x - 15$

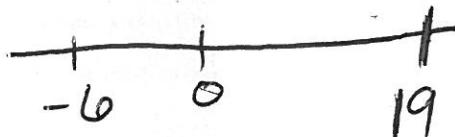
Looking at ANSWERS, You NEED to Multiply
You can quickly multiply in your head.
If not, $2x^2 + 10x - 3x - 15$
FOIL $2x^2 + 7x - 15$

E

4. A beaker of liquid cools from 19° to -6° . By how many degrees has it cooled?

$$19 - (-6) = 19 + 6 \\ = 25$$

J



To find

Distance between

14

any two points, subtract the end points

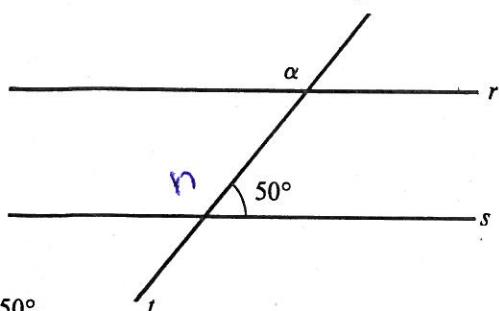
GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

2



2

5. In the figure below, parallel lines r and s are intersected by line t . What is the measure of angle α ?



- C A. 50°
B. 100°
→ C. 130°
D. 140°
E. 150°

6. Ticket sales for this year's annual concert at County Stadium were \$350,000. The promoter is predicting that next year's ticket sales, in dollars, will be 60% greater than this year's. How many dollars in ticket sales is the promoter predicting for next year?

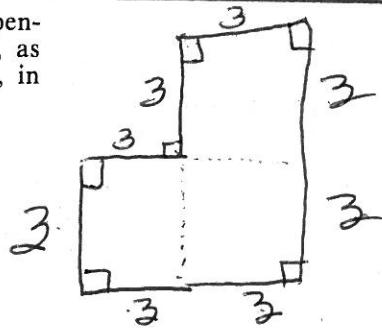
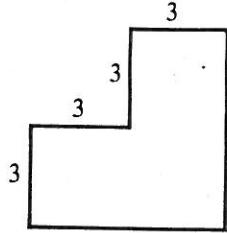
- H F. \$350,060
G. \$410,000
→ H. \$560,000
J. \$583,333
K. \$950,000

Quick Method $\$350,000 \times 1.6 = \$560,000$

Slow Method $\rightarrow \% \text{ change} = \frac{x - 350,000}{350,000} = 60\%$
 $x - 350,000 = 210,000$
 $x = 560,000$

7. Adjacent segments in the hexagon below are perpendicular, and 4 segments are each 3 yards long, as marked. What is the perimeter of the hexagon, in yards?

- C A. 12
B. 18
→ C. 24
D. 27
E. 30



$8 \times 3 = 24$

8. For all a and b , $3a^2b^3(2a^3b^3) = ?$

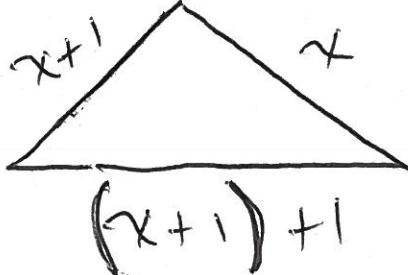
- J F. $5a^5b^6$
G. $5a^6b^9$
H. $6a^2b^3$
J. $6a^5b^6$ ←
K. $6a^6b^9$

Multiply

$$3a^2b^3(2a^3b^3) = \\ 6a^5b^6$$

9. In a certain triangle, the longest side is 1 foot longer than the second-longest side, and the second-longest side is 1 foot longer than the shortest side. If the perimeter is 21 feet, how many feet long is the shortest side?

- A. 6
B. 7
C. 8
D. 9
E. 10



15

$$x + (x+1) + (x+1) + 1 = 21$$

$$3x + 3 = 21$$

$$3x = 18$$

$$x = 6$$

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

2



2

10. What is 5% of 50?

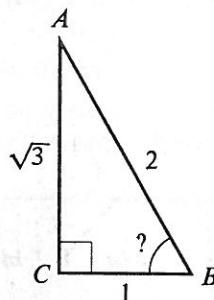
- A. 0.5
B. 2.5
C. 5
D. 10
E. 25

"of" Means
Multiply

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

$$50 \times 0.05 = 2.5$$

11. What is the measure of $\angle ABC$ in the triangle below?



- A. 15°
B. 30°
C. 45°
D. 60°
E. 75°

If this is a 90° triangle and the sides are $1, 2 + \sqrt{3}$, then the angle opposite the $\sqrt{3}$ side is 60°

12. Anna wants to completely cover the rectangular ceiling of her room with soundproof tile so she can play her stereo as loudly as she wants. Her ceiling is 16 feet long and 10 feet wide. The tiles are 2-feet-by-2-feet squares. How many tiles does Anna need to cover her ceiling with one layer of soundproof tiles?

- F. 20
G. 26
H. 40
J. 52
K. 80

Each Tile is
4 feet square

TOTAL Square feet of ceiling
 $160 \div 4 = 40$

13. What is the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints of $(-3, 5)$ and $(5, 9)$?

- A. $(-3, 7)$
B. $(1, 5)$
C. $(1, 7)$
D. $(4, 7)$
E. $(5, 7)$

$$\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2} \right) \left(\frac{-3+5}{2}, \frac{5+9}{2} \right) \Rightarrow (1, 7)$$

14. What is the smallest positive integer x such that $|2-x| \geq 6$?

- F. 3
G. 5
H. 6
J. 7
K. 8

When solving for x , $2-x \geq 6$ and $2-x \geq -6$
You must split the $-4 \geq x$ and $8 \geq x$
absolute value Remember $8 = x$.

15. What is the greatest prime factor of 520?

- A. 5
B. 7
C. 11
D. 13
E. 17

Example of
Working from
choices

Start with Largest number
and work to smallest. Question
asks for greatest. 17 is NOT a
factor, but 13 is

16. What is the value of $x^3 - x^2 - x$ when $x = -1$?

- F. -3
G. -1
H. 0
J. 1
K. 3

Plug and chug

$$(-1)^3 - (-1)^2 - (-1)$$

$$-1 - 1 + 1$$

2



2

17. Running at a steady pace of 90 seconds per quarter mile, how many minutes would it take to run 2 miles?

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

- A. 12.0
B. 8.0
C. 7.2
D. 4.5
E. 3.0

$$\text{Seconds} = \frac{90}{\frac{1}{4} \text{ Min.}} = \frac{1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ Min.}}{\frac{1}{4} \text{ Mile}} = \frac{x}{2 \text{ Miles}} \Rightarrow 2 \left(\frac{3}{2} \right) = \frac{x}{4} \Rightarrow 12 = x$$

18. If $a = 0.3$ and $b = 0.4$, then $ab^2 = ?$

SUBSTITUTION

- F. 0.0144
G. 0.019
H. 0.048
J. 0.24
K. 0.49

$$(0.3)(0.4)(0.4) = \text{using calculator} = 0.048$$

19. $\sqrt{x-5}$ is a real number if and only if:

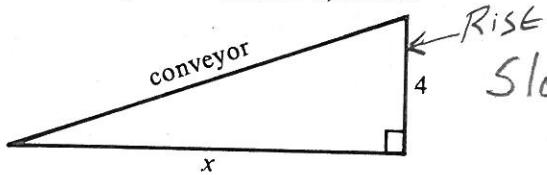
REAL VS. IMAGINARY NUMBERS

- A. $x \leq -5$
B. $-5 < x < 0$
C. $x = 0$
D. $0 < x < 5$
E. $x \geq 5$

if $\sqrt{x} < 0$, then Number is IMAGINARY

This is the only answer that will always produce REAL

20. The manufacturer of an airport baggage conveyor recommends a slope of no more than 0.25. If the baggage conveyor in the figure below rises 4 feet, what is the minimum acceptable value for x , in feet?



$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\text{RISE}}{\text{RUN}}$$

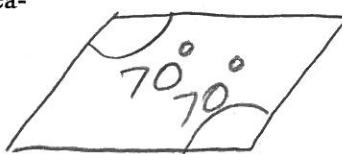
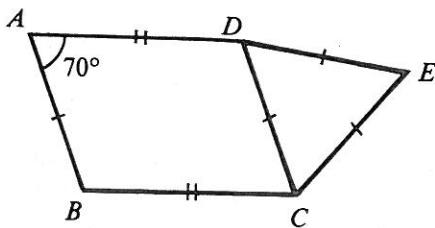
$$\text{Slope of } 0.25 \text{ is } \frac{25}{100} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4}$$

- F. $4\frac{1}{4}$
G. 5
H. 16
J. 25
K. 29

$$\frac{\text{RISE}}{\text{RUN}} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{x}$$

$$x = 16$$

21. The figure below is made from a parallelogram, $ABCD$, and an equilateral triangle, $\triangle CDE$. What is the measure of $\angle ADE$?



OPPOSITE angles of \square 's are \cong .

\square angles TOTAL 360°

$$\therefore 360^\circ - 140^\circ = 220$$

$$220 \div 2 = 110^\circ = \angle ADC$$

$$110^\circ + 60^\circ = \angle ADE = 170^\circ$$

- A. 110°
B. 130°
C. 150°
D. 170°
E. 190°

$\triangle CDE$ is equilateral

\therefore All the angles are equal or 60°

2



2

22. Which equation below has the solutions $x = p$ and $x = q$?

- F. $(x - p)(x - q) = 0$
 G. $(x - p)(x - q) = 1$
 H. $(x + p)(x + q) = 0$
 J. $x + p + q = 0$
 K. $x + pq = 0$

Luckily, the first one is true
 $(0-0)(0-0) = 0$ kind of a silly question.

23. Which of the following is an irrational number?

- A. $|-1.9|$
 B. 0
 C. $\frac{1}{7}$
 D. 0.3
 E. $\sqrt{6}$

24. In the (x, y) coordinate plane, what is the slope of the line $y = x - 5$?

- F. -5
 G. -1
 H. $\frac{1}{5}$
 J. 1
 K. 5

$$\sqrt{6} = \sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}$$

$y = x - 5$ is
the same as
 $y = 1x - 5$

25. What is the smallest number greater than 1 that, when divided by 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6, leaves a remainder of 1 in each case?

- A. 7
 B. 31
 C. 61
 D. 121
 E. 721

You know this one isn't it
 with lots all remainder
 have ONE
 60 seconds is used because 60 hrs all those

26. A car rental company charges \$50.00 per day plus \$0.80 per mile for a full-size car, and charges \$30.00 per day plus \$0.50 per mile for a compact car. Which expression below gives the amount, in dollars, that the charge for a full-size car exceeds the charge for a compact car, when each is rented for x days and y miles?

- F. $-20x - 0.30y$
 G. $20x + 0.30y$
 H. $20x + 30y$
 J. $20x + 1.30y$
 K. $80x + 1.30y$

$$50x + 0.80y$$

$$- 30x + 0.50y$$

$$\hline 20x + 0.30y$$

FACTORS

Difference

says

subtract

27. A square has an area of 41.3 square centimeters. If s is the side length of the square in centimeters, then s must lie between which 2 consecutive integers?

- A. $4 < s < 5$
 B. $6 < s < 7$
 C. $10 < s < 11$
 D. $20 < s < 21$
 E. $41 < s < 42$

s^2 = Area of square, therefore

$$s = \sqrt{A}$$

if $s^2 = 41.3$
 then $s = \sqrt{41.3}$

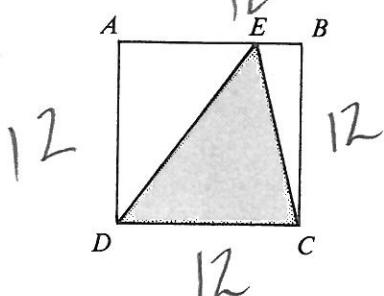
18 GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.
 s is somewhere between $\sqrt{36}$ and $\sqrt{49}$ or 6+7

2



2

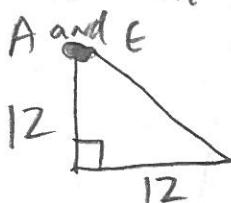
28. In the figure below, square $ABCD$ has sides 12 centimeters long, and E is on side \overline{AB} . In square centimeters, what is the area of $\triangle AED$?



- H.
F. 36
G. 48
H. 72
J. 96
K. 144

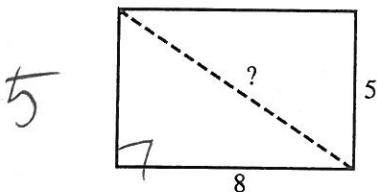
DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

No Matter Where E is on \overline{AB} , the Area of $\triangle AED$ is the same.



$$\frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{12 \cdot 12}{2} = 72$$

29. How many centimeters long is the diagonal of a rectangle that is 5 centimeters wide and 8 centimeters long, as shown below?



- D
A. 13
B. $\sqrt{13}$
C. $\sqrt{40}$
D. $\sqrt{89}$
E. $\sqrt{99}$

$$5^2 + 8^2 = (?)^2$$

$$25 + 64 = (?)^2$$

$$89 = (?)^2$$

$$\sqrt{89} = ?$$

- K
30. Near a large city, planes take off from two airfields. One of the fields is capable of sending up a plane every 3 minutes. The other field is capable of sending up 2 planes every 7 minutes. At these rates, which of the following is the most reasonable estimate of the total number of planes the two airfields could send up in 90 minutes?

- F. 18
G. 27
H. 36
J. 44
K. 55

$$\frac{2}{7} = \frac{x}{90} \quad 180 = 7x$$

$$\frac{25.7}{2} = x$$

FIND out how MANY
PLANES EACH airField can
TAKE OFF in 90 minutes then
Add them together

Cant have 0.7 of a plane $30 + 25 = 55$

31. What are the (x,y) coordinates of the unique point on the graph of $x + 4y = 18$ such that the y -coordinate of that point is twice the x -coordinate?

- A. (1,2)
B. (2,4)
C. (3,6)
D. (4,8)
E. (9,18)

You can quickly try each ONE and
see what works. Start with the
SMALL ONES first (B) works

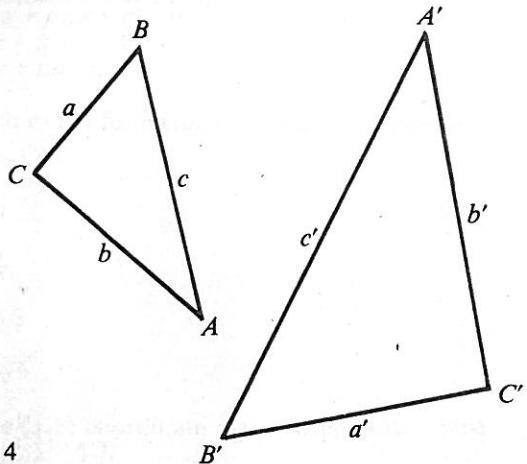
GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

2



2

32. The figure below shows 2 triangles, where $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle A'B'C'$. In these similar triangles, $a = 9$, $b = 12$, $c = 15$, and $a' = 15$, with all dimensions given in feet. What is the value of b' ?



- F. 14
G. 16
H. 18
J. 20
K. 22

33. In the (x,y) coordinate plane, if the point $(-4,2)$ is on the graph of $y = ax^2$, what is the value of a ?

- A. -1
B. 1
C. $-\frac{1}{2}$
D. $-\frac{1}{8}$
E. $\frac{1}{8}$

$$2 = a(-4)^2$$

$$\frac{2}{16} = \frac{a(16)}{16}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{8}$$

34. The two parabolas $y = ax^2 + n$ and $y = x^2 + q$ have the same vertex when graphed in the (x,y) coordinate plane. Which of the following must be true?

- F. $n + q = 0$
G. $nq = a$
H. $nq = 1$
J. $a = 1$
K. $n = q$

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

→ Similar means figures are equal in proportion
Set up Corresponding Sides in Proportion

$$\frac{a=9}{b=12} = \frac{a'=15}{b'}$$

$$\frac{15}{9} = \frac{20}{b'} \\ b' = 12$$

Plug in $(-4, 2)$ into equation and solve for a

ANALYZING graphs
a determines how fat or thin
n and q determine how far from origin

F) $n+q$ could be anything same with (h)
G) nq has no relationship with a

K) If same vertex, n must equal q

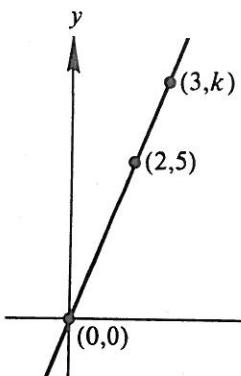
2



2

35. In the (x,y) coordinate plane below, a straight line passes through the 3 indicated points. What is the value of k ?

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.



S
You can look at points and tell immediately that the slope of line is $\frac{5}{2}$. Because $\frac{5-0}{2-0} = \frac{5}{2}$
Set up equation $\frac{5}{2} = \frac{k-5}{3-2} = k-5$

E These two are wrong because line has positive slope

- A. $-\frac{15}{2}$
B. $-\frac{6}{5}$
C. $\frac{6}{5}$
D. 6
E. $\frac{15}{2}$

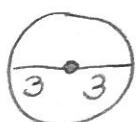
$$\frac{5}{2} = k-5$$

$$5 + \frac{5}{2} = k = \frac{15}{2}$$

36. A circle has a diameter of 6 inches. What is the circle's area, in square inches?

G

- F. 6π
G. 9π
H. 12π
J. 18π
K. 36π



$$D = 2r$$

$$6 = 2r$$

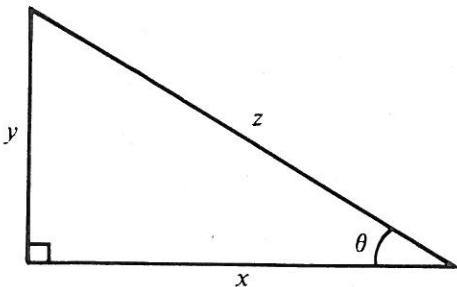
$$3 = r$$

$$\text{Area} = \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Area} = \pi (3)^2$$

$$\text{Area} = 9\pi$$

37. For the right triangle below, which of the following expressions is equal to $\cos \theta$?



SOHCAHTOA

$\cos = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{z}$$

- A. $\frac{x}{y}$
B. $\frac{x}{z}$
C. $\frac{y}{x}$
D. $\frac{y}{z}$
E. $\frac{z}{x}$

2



2

38. For all $x > 0$, which of the following is a simplified form of $\frac{3x^2 + 14x + 8}{x^2 + 6x + 8}$?

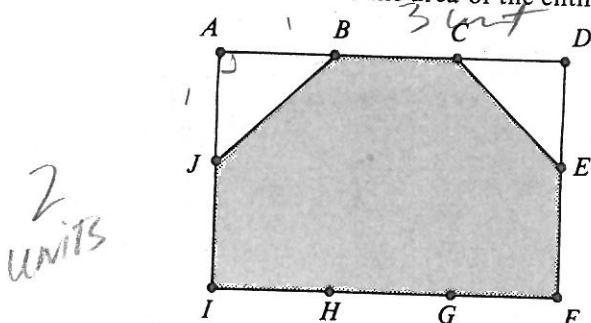
- F. $\frac{3x+2}{x+2}$
 G. $\frac{(3x+1)(x+8)}{(x+2)(x+4)}$
 H. $3x+2$
 J. $2x^2 + 8x$
 K. $6\frac{1}{3}$

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

FACTOR Denominator First
 So you find factor that will cancel.

$$\frac{(3x+2)(x+4)}{(x+4)(x+2)} = \frac{3x+2}{x+2}$$

39. In rectangle $ADFI$ below, the 10 labeled points are equally spaced along the perimeter. What is the ratio of the shaded area to the area of the entire rectangle?



To find shaded region,
 FIND Area of entire region
 AND subtract unshaded region.

$$(2 \times 2) - \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] = \text{Shaded Region} = 5$$

(B)

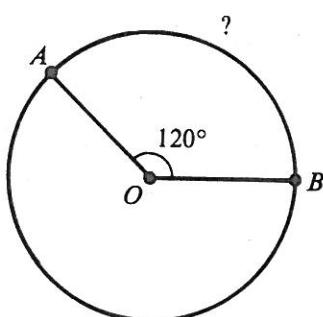
- A. $\frac{7}{8}$
 B. $\frac{5}{6}$
 C. $\frac{4}{5}$
 D. $\frac{3}{4}$
 E. $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{\text{Shaded Region}}{\text{Entire Region}} = \frac{5}{12}$$

The only answer that has 5 in Numerator

40. If the circumference of the circle below is 93 parsecs, and O is the center of the circle, how many parsecs long is minor arc \widehat{AB} ?

F



- F. 31
 G. 31π
 H. $\frac{93}{\pi}$
 J. 213
 K. 11,160

$$\frac{\text{Central angle}}{360^\circ} = \frac{\text{arc length}}{\text{Circumference}}$$

$$\frac{120^\circ}{360^\circ} = \frac{\text{arc length}}{93}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\text{arc}}{93}$$

2



2

41. One of the angles in an isosceles triangle measures 24° . Which of the following is a possible measure for another of the triangle's angles?

- A. 42°
 B. 52°
 C. 66°
 D. 78°
 E. 156°

SINCE 24° is not one of the choices, 24° is the vertex angle $180 - 24^\circ = 156 \div 2 = 78^\circ$

42. For all real x and m , if $(x - 1)(x + m) = x^2 + kx - m$, then $k = ?$

- F. 0
 G. 1
 H. m
 J. $m + 1$
 K. $m - 1$

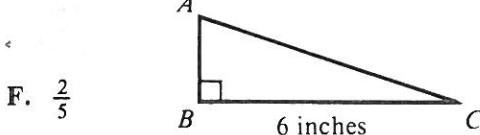
The k coefficient results from adding the x products together

43. If the product of 5 integers is positive, at least how many of these 5 integers must be positive?

- A. 1
 B. 2
 C. 3
 D. 4
 E. 5

4 of the integers could be negative and one positive and you could still end up with a positive number.

44. In the right triangle below, if $\angle C$ has a sine of $\frac{2}{\sqrt{29}}$, a cosine of $\frac{5}{\sqrt{29}}$, and a tangent of $\frac{2}{5}$, how many inches long is \overline{AB} ?



- F. $\frac{2}{5}$
 G. $\frac{12}{5}$
 H. $\frac{12}{\sqrt{29}}$
 J. $\frac{30}{\sqrt{29}}$
 K. 6

The tangent would produce a nice proportion to solve for \overline{AB}

$$\frac{\overline{AB}}{6} = \frac{2}{5} \quad s(\overline{AB}) = 12$$

$$\overline{AB} = \frac{12}{5}$$

45. A 45-foot wire is cut into 2 pieces whose lengths are in the ratio 2:3. What is the length of the shorter piece, in feet?

- C. 9
 B. 15
 → C. 18
 D. $22\frac{1}{2}$
 E. 30

Set up proportion to solve for 45 feet

is $\frac{2}{2+3}$ or $\frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{x}{45}$$

$$x = [45(2)] \div 5 = 18$$

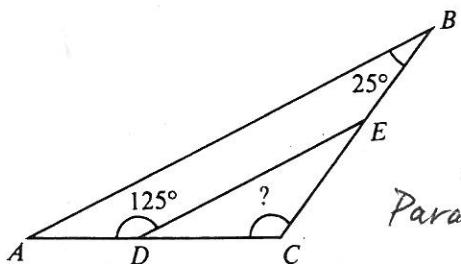
2



2

46. For $\triangle ABC$ below, D and E are points on the sides of the triangle. If \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{DE} , what is the measure of $\angle ACB$?

G



Due to
Parallel lines

- F. 80°
G. 100°
H. 125°
J. 150°
K. 155°

$$\begin{aligned} \text{?} &= 180 - (25^\circ + 55) = 100^\circ \\ &\quad \text{Diagram shows a triangle with angles } 25^\circ \text{ and } 125^\circ. \text{ The third angle is labeled ? and has a bracket above it.} \\ &\quad \text{An annotation says } 180 - 125 = 55. \end{aligned}$$

47. The distance around a circular path is 1,000 meters. Which of the following most nearly approximates the radius of the path, in meters?

(Note: $\pi \approx 3.14$)

D

- A. 10
B. 18
C. 32
D. 159
E. 318

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$1000 = 2\pi r$$

$$\frac{1000}{2\pi} = r \approx 159$$

48. What is the value of $(x+2)(x-3) + 5$ when $x^2 - x - 6 = -4$?

H

- F. -2
G. -1
H. 1
J. 2
K. 3

$$(x+2)(x-3) = x^2 - x - 6 = -4$$

Substitute $(x+2)(x-3)$ with -4

$$(-4) + 5 = 1$$

49. Elkville High won a Friday night basketball game by 10 points; the next night they scored 25 points more than on Friday and again won by 10 points. The sum of the opponents' scores for the 2 games was 109. How many points did Elkville score on Friday?

D

- A. 37
B. 41
C. 46
D. 52
E. 72

$$E_1 + E_2 - 109 = 20$$

$$E_1 + E_1 + 25 - 109 = 20$$

$$2E_1 = 154$$

WARNING \Rightarrow TIME WASTER if
you don't set up properly.

They won by ten both nights
 $E_2 - E_1 = 25$ so $E_2 = E_1 + 25$

50. If $x = 3^a$ and $y = 3^{-a}$ then what is y in terms of x ?

F

- F. $y = \frac{1}{x}$
G. $y = -\frac{1}{x}$
H. $y = \frac{3}{x}$
J. $y = -x$
K. $y = x^{-3}$

$$x = 3^a \quad y = 3^{-a}$$

$$\log_3 x = a \quad \text{and} \quad \log_3 y = -a \quad \text{or} \quad -\log_3 y = a$$

Set the two equal to each other

$$\log_3 x = -\log_3 y \quad \text{or} \quad \log_3 x + \log_3 y = 0$$

$\log_3 xy = 0$ becomes $3^0 = xy$ when converted
 $1 = xy \therefore y = \frac{1}{x}$

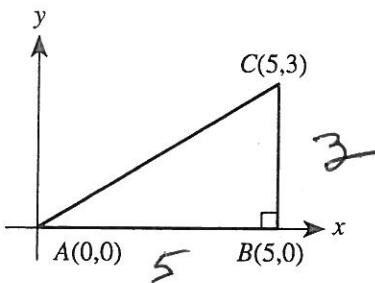
2



2

51. In the figure below, what is the sine of $\angle BAC$?

- A. $\frac{3}{5}$
B. $\frac{3}{4}$
C. $\frac{5}{3}$
D. $\frac{3}{\sqrt{34}}$
E. $\frac{5}{\sqrt{34}}$



DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

$$3^2 + 5^2 = H^2$$

$$3^2 = H^2$$

$$\sqrt{34} = H$$

$$S = \frac{3}{H}$$

52. While watching TV from 7:00 P.M. to 8:00 P.M., you count 20 commercials, each 30 seconds long. To the nearest percent, what percent of the hour is taken up by commercials?

- F. 6%
G. 10%
H. 17%
J. 50%
K. 60%

$$\frac{600}{3600} = \frac{1}{6} \approx 17\%$$

$$20 \times 30 = 600 \text{ seconds of commercial}$$

$$60 \text{ min.} \times 60 \text{ sec} = 3,600 \text{ seconds in an hour}$$

53. The sum of the 3 integers x , y , and z is 100. If $0 < x < 40$, and $y < 0$, what is the smallest possible value for z ?

- A. 58
B. 59
C. 60
D. 61
E. 62

All numbers are integers



If x were largest integer possible, x would be 39

$$39 + y + z = 100 \text{ becomes } y + z = 61$$

y could be -1 so $z = 62$

$x^2 + 2xm + m^2$ is same as

$$x^2 + 12x + n$$

$$\text{If } m = 6, \text{ then } n = 6^2$$

$n = 36$

54. If $(x + m)^2 = x^2 + 12x + n$, where m and n are integers, what is the value of n ?

- F. 36
G. 30
H. 24
J. 18
K. 12

$$2xm = 12x$$

$m = 6$

Therefore

55. What is the length, in coordinate units, of the diameter of a circle whose endpoints have coordinates (12,3) and (6,-5) in the standard (x,y) coordinate plane?

- A. $\sqrt{28}$
B. $\sqrt{80}$
C. $\sqrt{82}$
D. $\sqrt{100}$
E. $\sqrt{202}$

$$\sqrt{(12-6)^2 + (3-(-5))^2} = \sqrt{36 + 64}$$

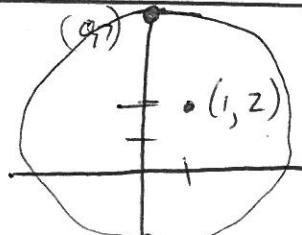
$$= \sqrt{100}$$

56. The circle $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 26$ intersects the y -axis in two points, one of which is $(0,7)$. At what other point does the circle intersect the y -axis?

- F. $(0,-7)$
G. $(0,-3)$
H. $(0,3)$
J. $(0,\sqrt{26})$
K. $(7,0)$

Drawing sketch will help

eliminate because all points that lie on y -axis have 0 as x value



$(0, -3)$ closest

2



2

57. If $x + y = 6$, then $x^2 = ?$

- A. $y^2 - 12y - 36$
 B. $y^2 - 36$
 C. $6 - y^2$
 D. $36 - y^2$
 E. $36 - 12y + y^2$

E

$$x + y = 6 \quad \text{therefore } x^2 = (6-y)^2 = 36 - 12y + y^2$$

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

58. Which of the following is the graph of the solution set for $x^2 < 9$?

F.



H

G.

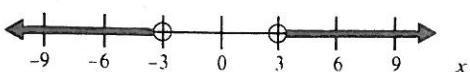


H.

J.



K.



59. There is a pattern in the units digit of the positive integer powers of each whole number. Some powers of 2 are shown below. What is the units digit of 3^{45} ?

B

Powers of 2	Units digit
$2^1 = 2$	2
$2^2 = 4$	4
$2^3 = 8$	8
$2^4 = 16$	6
$2^5 = 32$	2
$2^6 = 64$	4
$2^7 = 128$	8
$2^8 = 256$	6

- A. 1
 B. 3
 C. 5
 D. 7
 E. 9

$$x^2 < 9$$

solving for x

$$\sqrt{x^2} < \sqrt{9} \quad \sqrt{x^2} = |x|$$

$$|x| < 3$$

$$x < 3 \text{ and } -x < 3$$

$$x < 3 \text{ and } x > -3$$

Make Similar chart
for 3

Powers	Units Digit
3^1	3
3^2	9
3^3	7
3^4	1
3^5	3

2



2

60. Whenever $\frac{2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha + 1 - \sin^2 \alpha}$ is defined, it simplifies to:

DO YOUR FIGURING HERE.

F. $\tan \alpha$ G. $\cot \alpha$

H. 2

J. $\frac{2}{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}$ K. $\sin \alpha \cos \alpha$

Becomes

$$\frac{2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha} =$$

$$\frac{2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha}{2 \cos^2 \alpha} =$$

END OF TEST 2

STOP! DO NOT TURN THE PAGE UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO.

DO NOT RETURN TO THE PREVIOUS TEST.

$$\frac{\cos \alpha \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha \cos \alpha} =$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \tan \alpha$$